

Fast IPv6 Network Periphery Discovery and Security Implication

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What did we do?



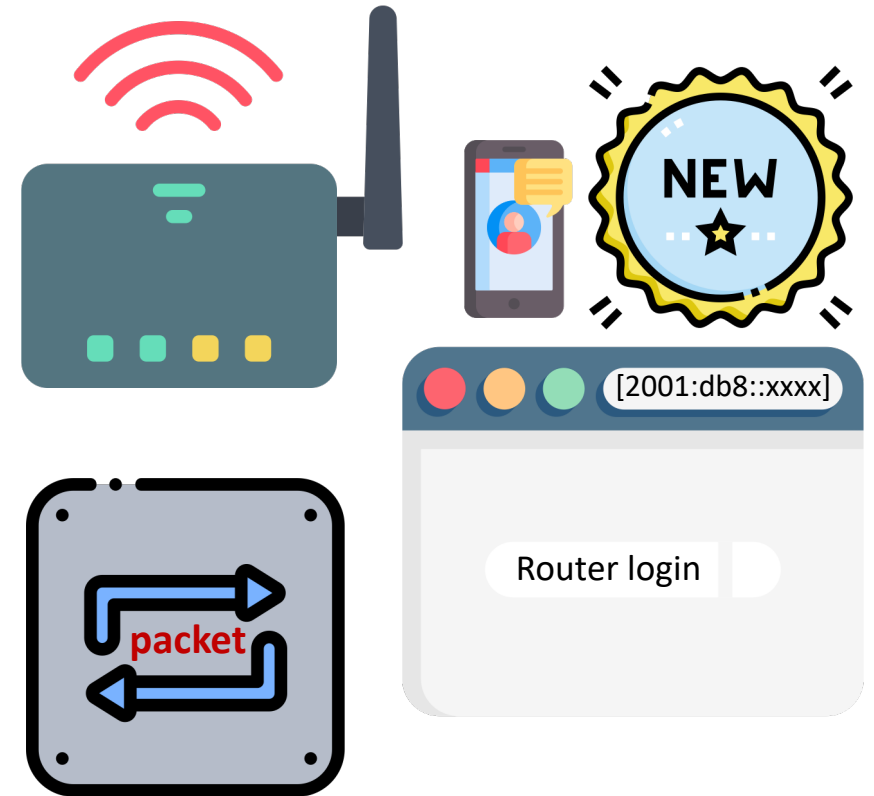
• New Approach

- IPv6 network periphery discovery



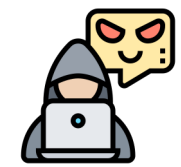
• New Findings

- 52M IPv6 peripheries
- Unintended exposed services
- Routing loop attack, **20** vendors, **4** OSes



What did we find?

131 CVE/CNVD



ASUS

LINKSYS™

NETGEAR®

D-Link®



MERCURY



HUAWEI

MikroTik

ZTE



Tenda

Skyworth



中国移动
China Mobile

H3C

TOTO LINK

The Smartest Network Device

FiberHome

FAST

Hisense



友华通信
YOUHUA TECHNOLOGY

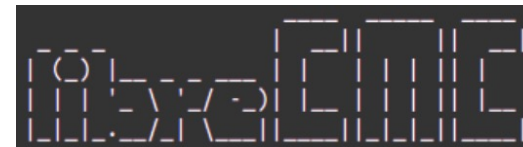
iKuai



OpenWrt®
WIRELESS FREEDOM

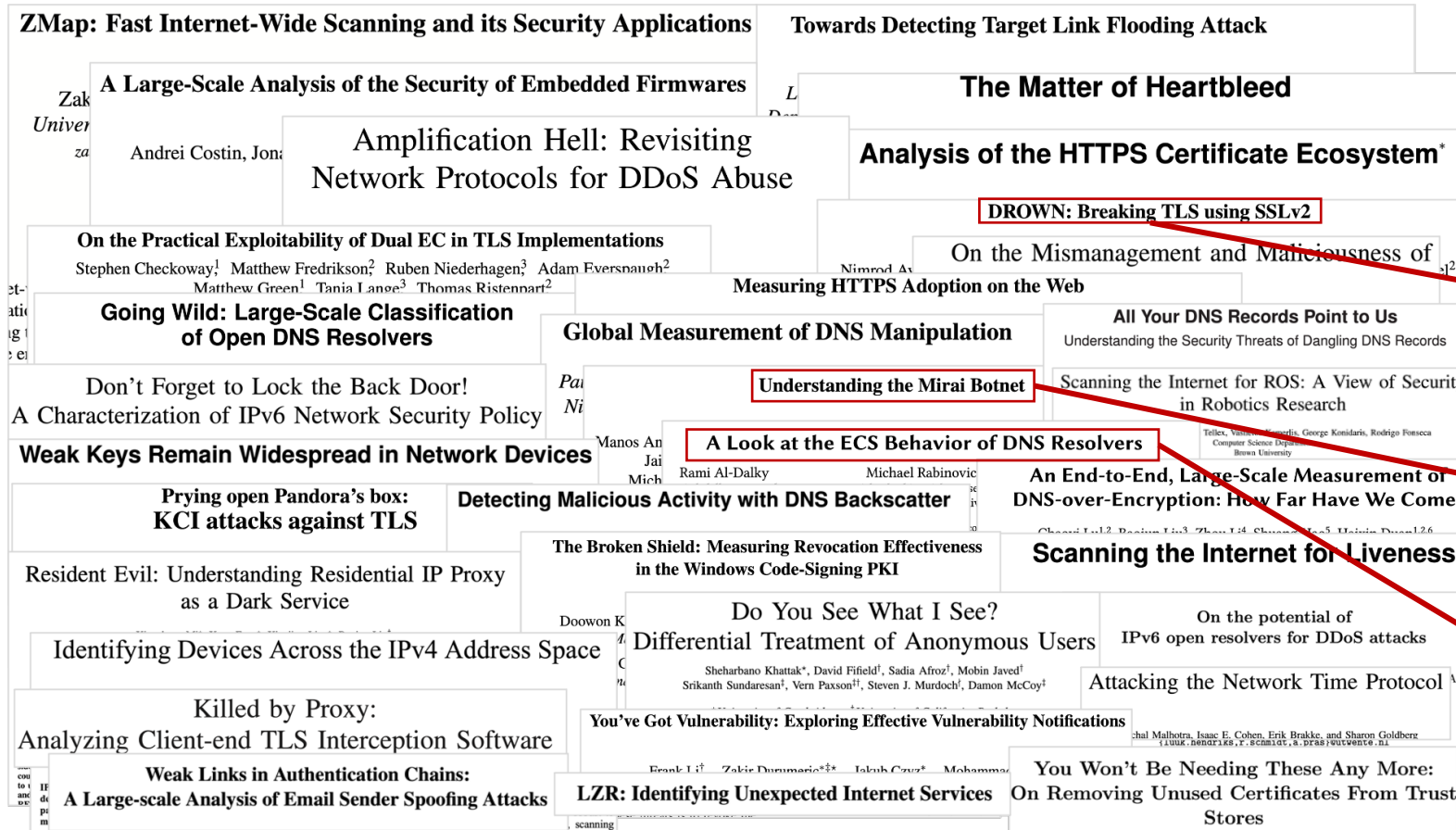


Gargoyle
Router
Management
Utility



How to find devices in IPv4?

- Network Scanning



Uncover vulnerabilities

→ USENIX Security '16

→ CCS '17

Track botnets' behaviors

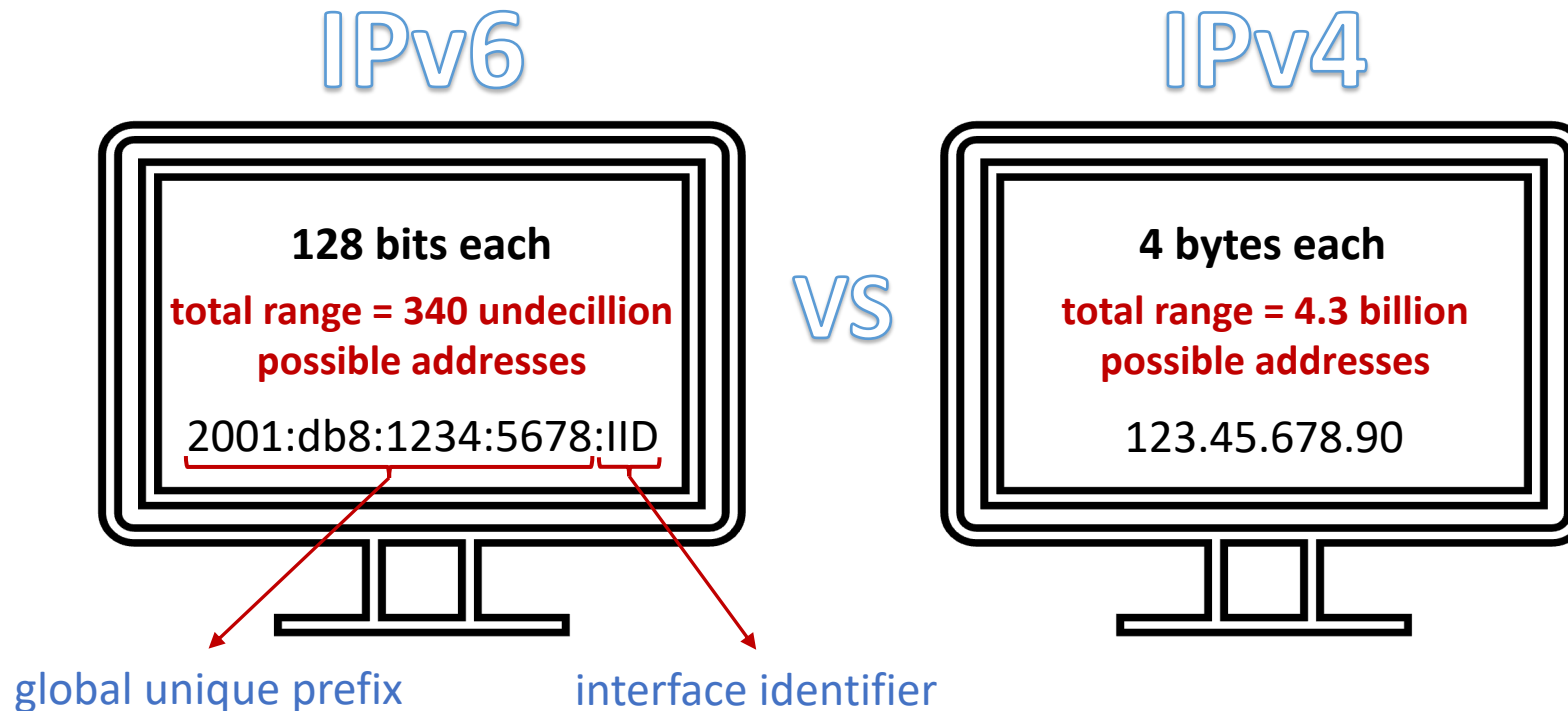
→ USENIX Security '17

Measure protocol adoption

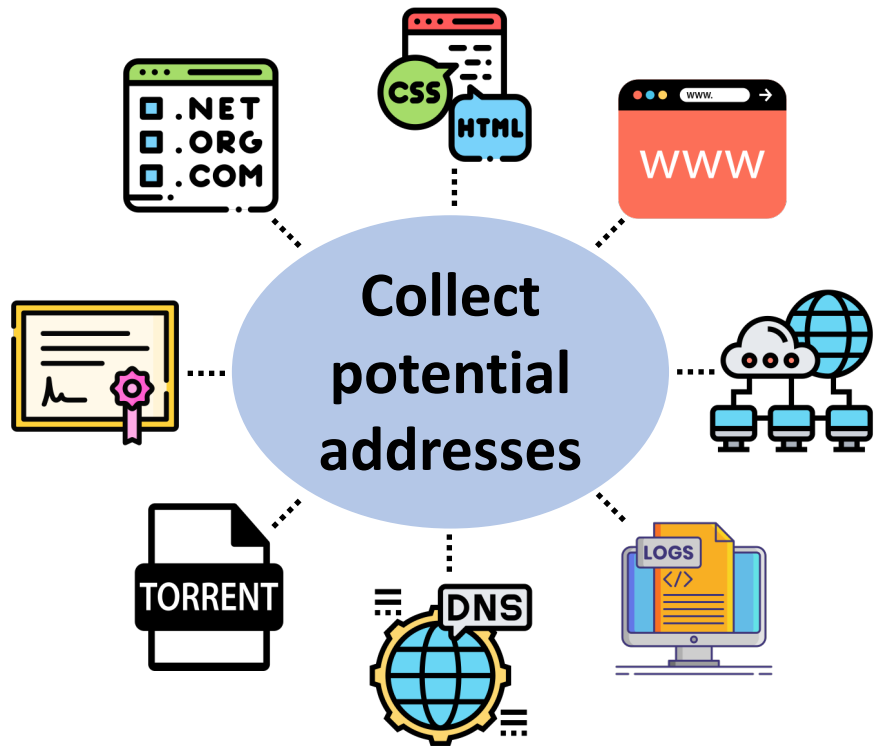
→ IMC '19

IPv6 Address Space

- A lot lot lot of addresses
 - 340 trillion trillion trillion addresses
- IPv4-style brute force won't work

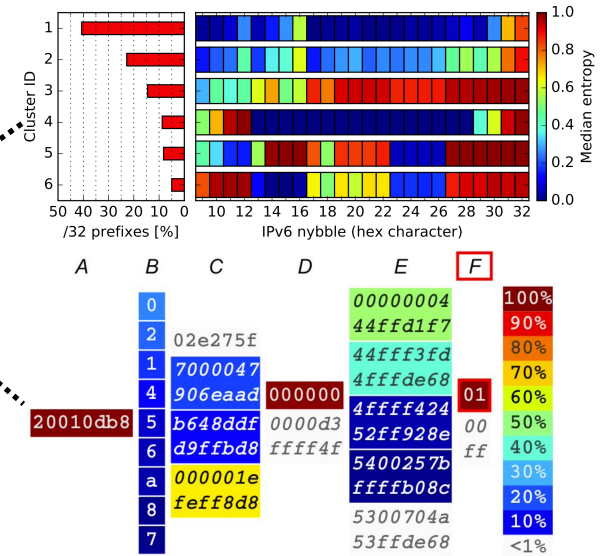


Active IPv6 Host Discovery

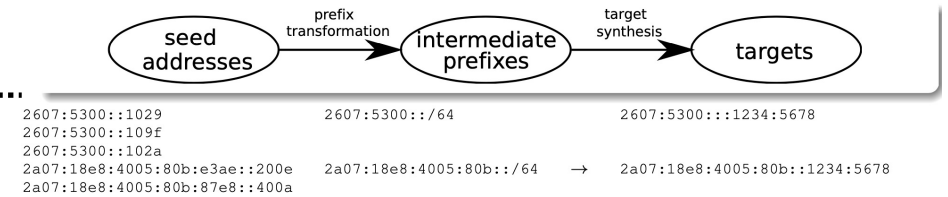


Identify address patterns

Generate candidate addresses



Pawel Foremski, David Plonka, and Arthur Berger. Entropy/IP: Uncovering Structure in IPv6 Addresses. (IMC '16)



Robert Beverly, Ramakrishnan Durairajan, David Plonka, and Justin P. Rohrer. In the IP of the Beholder: Strategies for Active IPv6 Topology Discovery. (IMC '18)

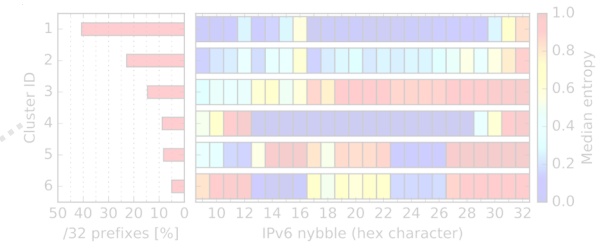
Active IPv6 Host Discovery



Identify address patterns

Not real-time
Not large-scale

Generate candidate addresses



	A	B	C	D	E	F	
0					00000004		100%
2		02e275f			44ffd1f7		90%
1		7000047			44fff3fd		80%
4		906eaad			4fffd6e8		70%
5	20010db8		000000		4ffff424	01	60%
		b648ddf	0000d3		52ff928e	00	50%
6		d9fbd8	ffff4f		5400257b	ff	40%
a		000001e			ffffb08c		30%
8		feff8d8			5300704a		20%
7					53ffde68		<1%



Pawel Foremski, David Plonka, and Arthur Berger. Entropy/IP: Uncovering Structure in IPv6 Addresses. (IMC '16)



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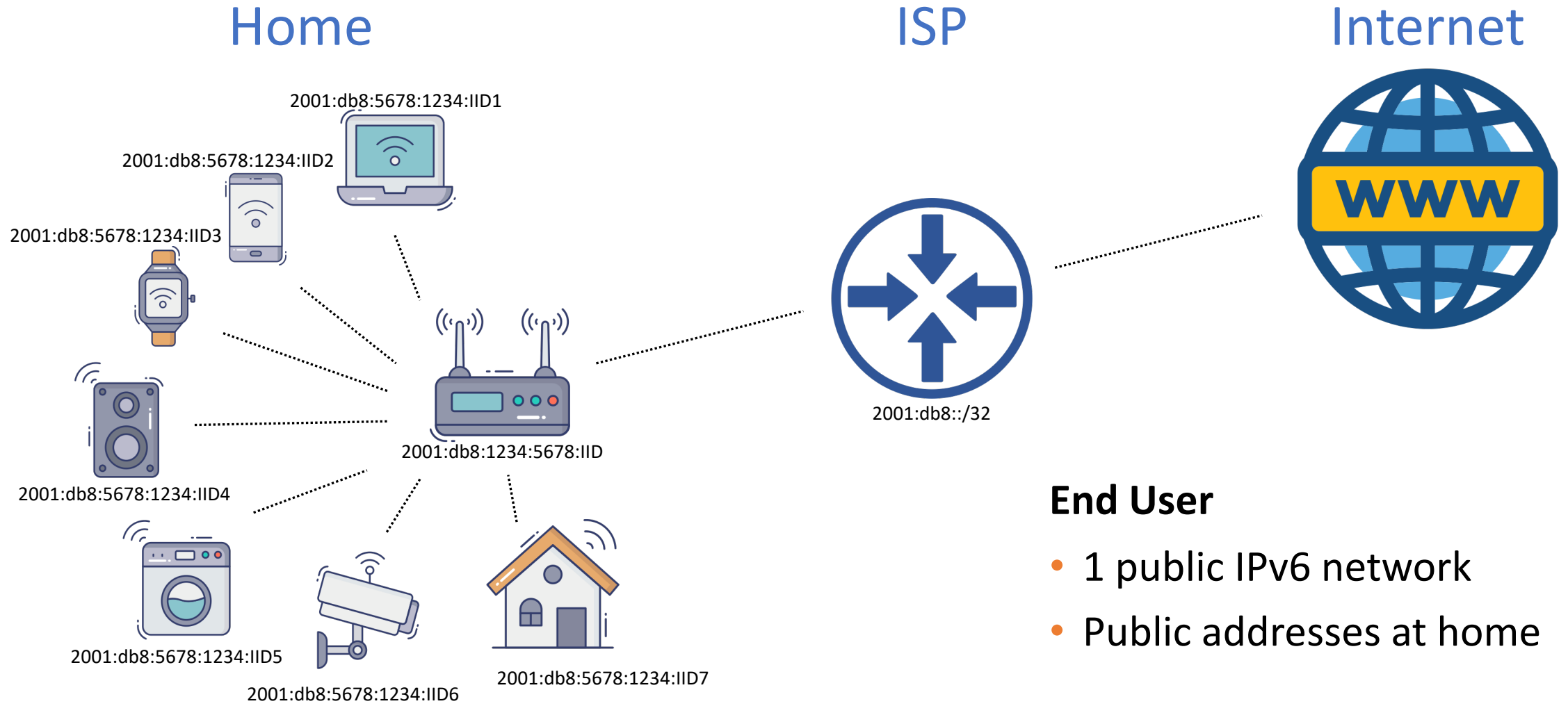
2607:5300::1029          2607:5300::/64          2607:5300::1234:5678
2607:5300::109f
2607:5300::102a
2a07:18e8:4005:80b:e3ae::200e  2a07:18e8:4005:80b::/64  →  2a07:18e8:4005:80b::1234:5678
2a07:18e8:4005:80b:87e8::400a
    
```

Robert Beverly, Ramakrishnan Durairajan, David Plonka, and Justin P. Rohrer. In the IP of the Beholder: Strategies for Active IPv6 Topology Discovery. (IMC '18)

Our Scanning Perspective

To find the IPv6 network periphery

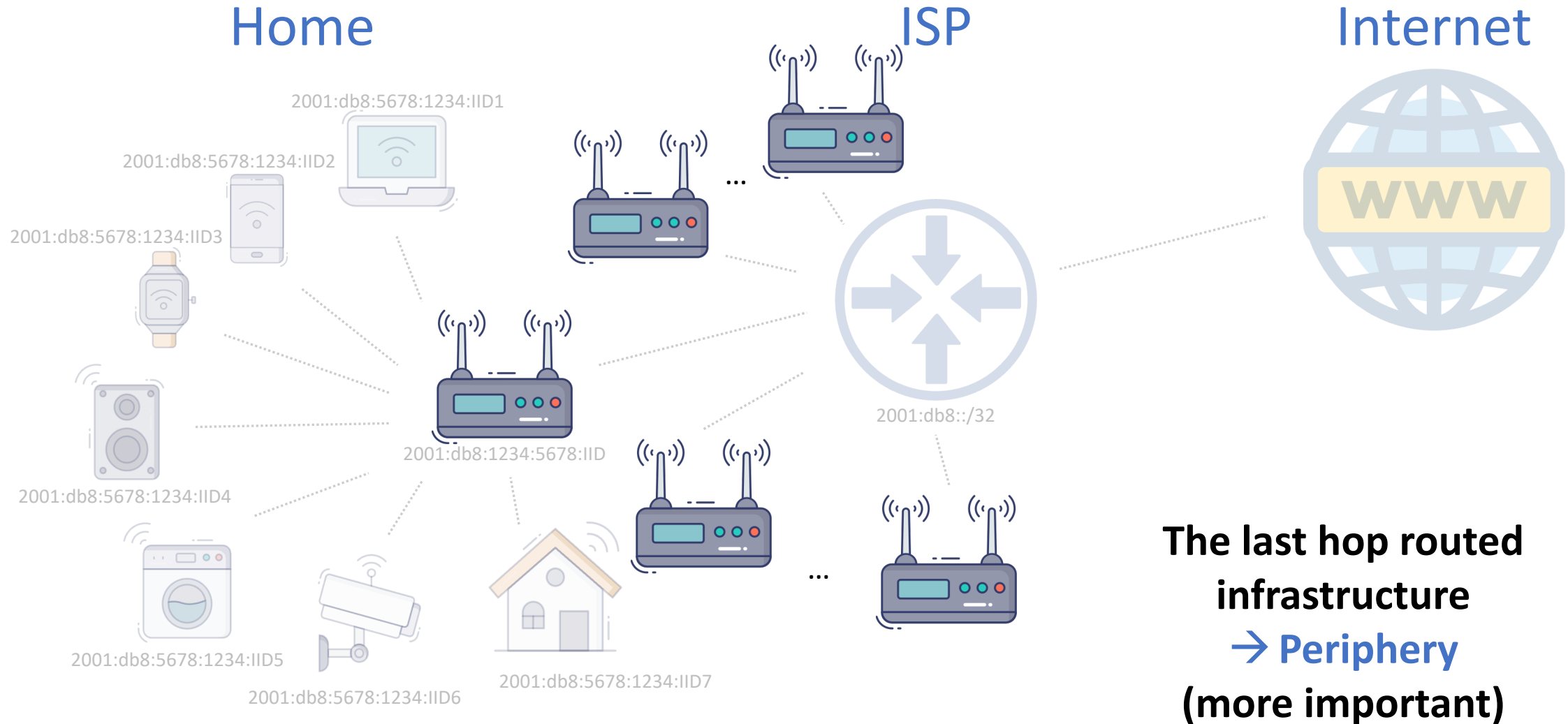
IPv6 Internet



End User

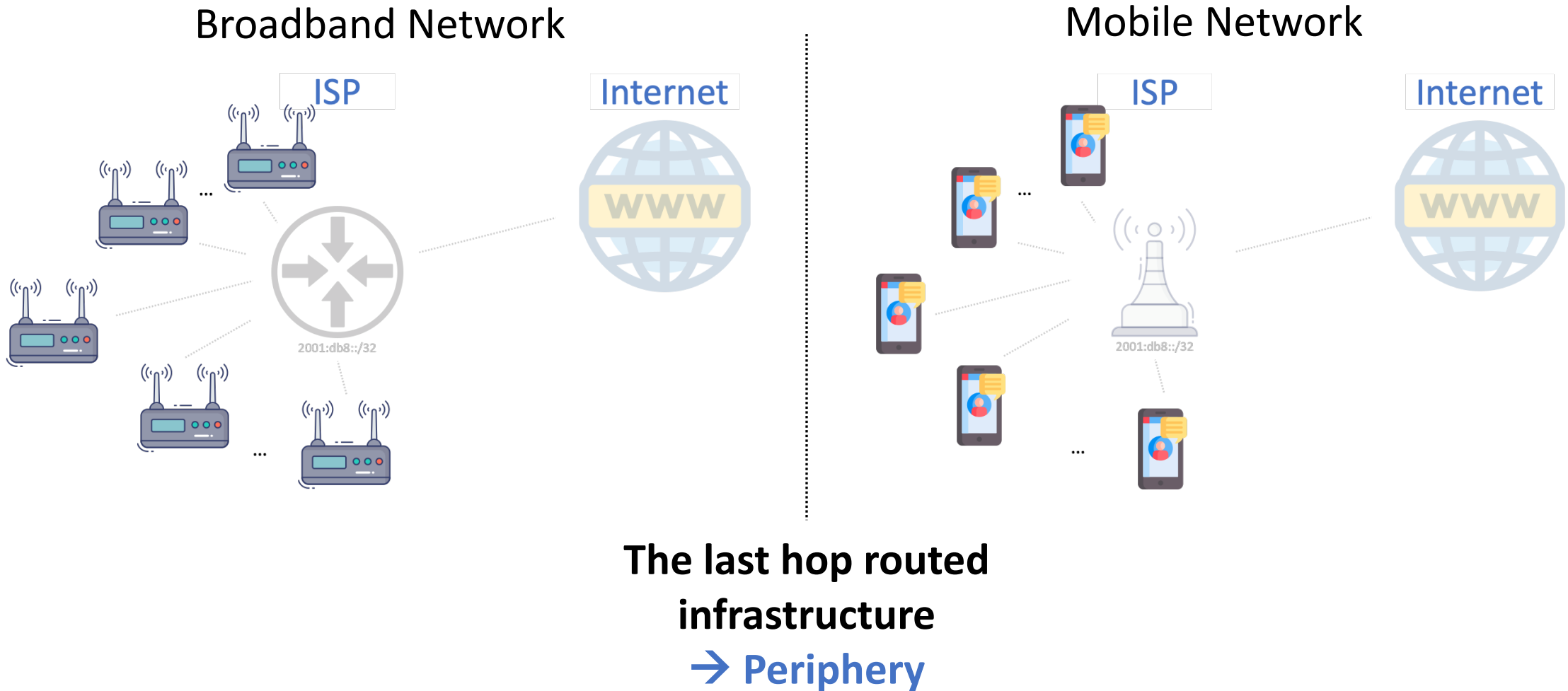
- 1 public IPv6 network
- Public addresses at home

What's IPv6 Network Periphery

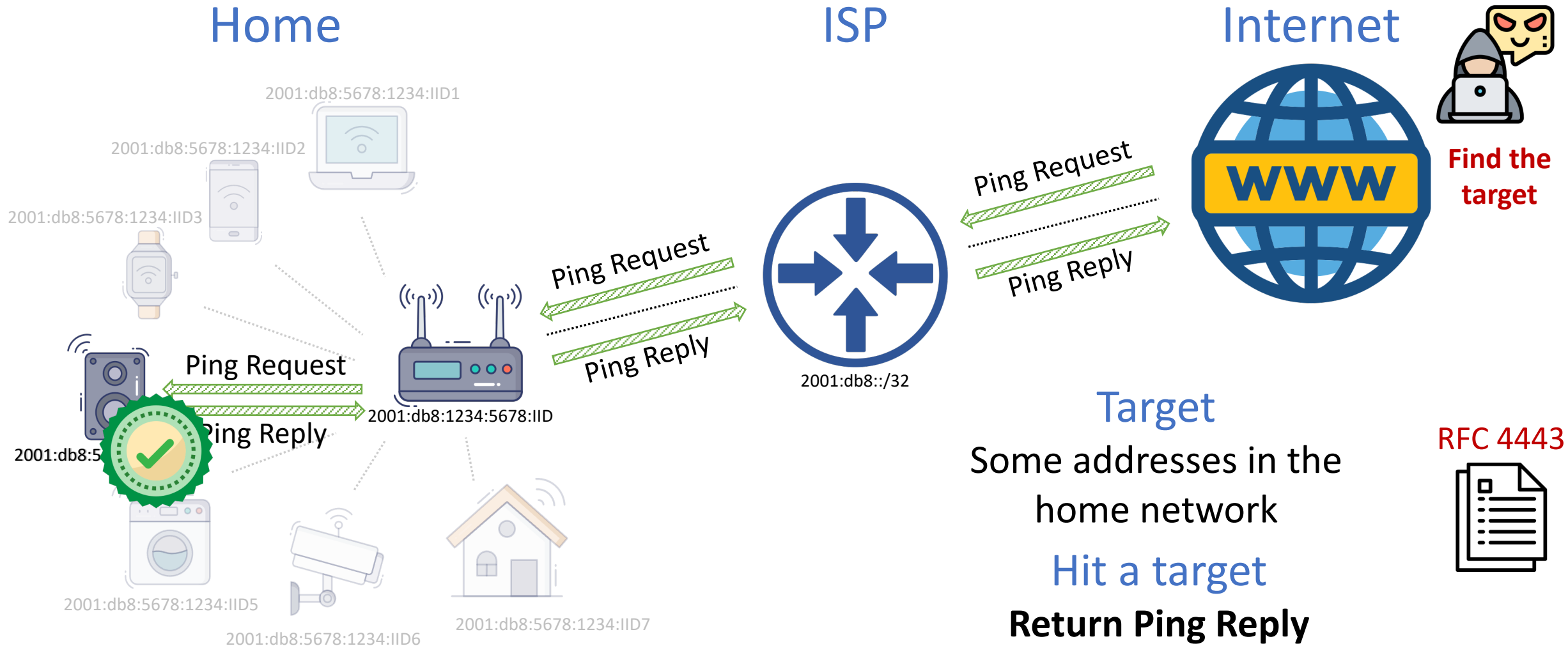


**The last hop routed infrastructure
→ Periphery
(more important)**

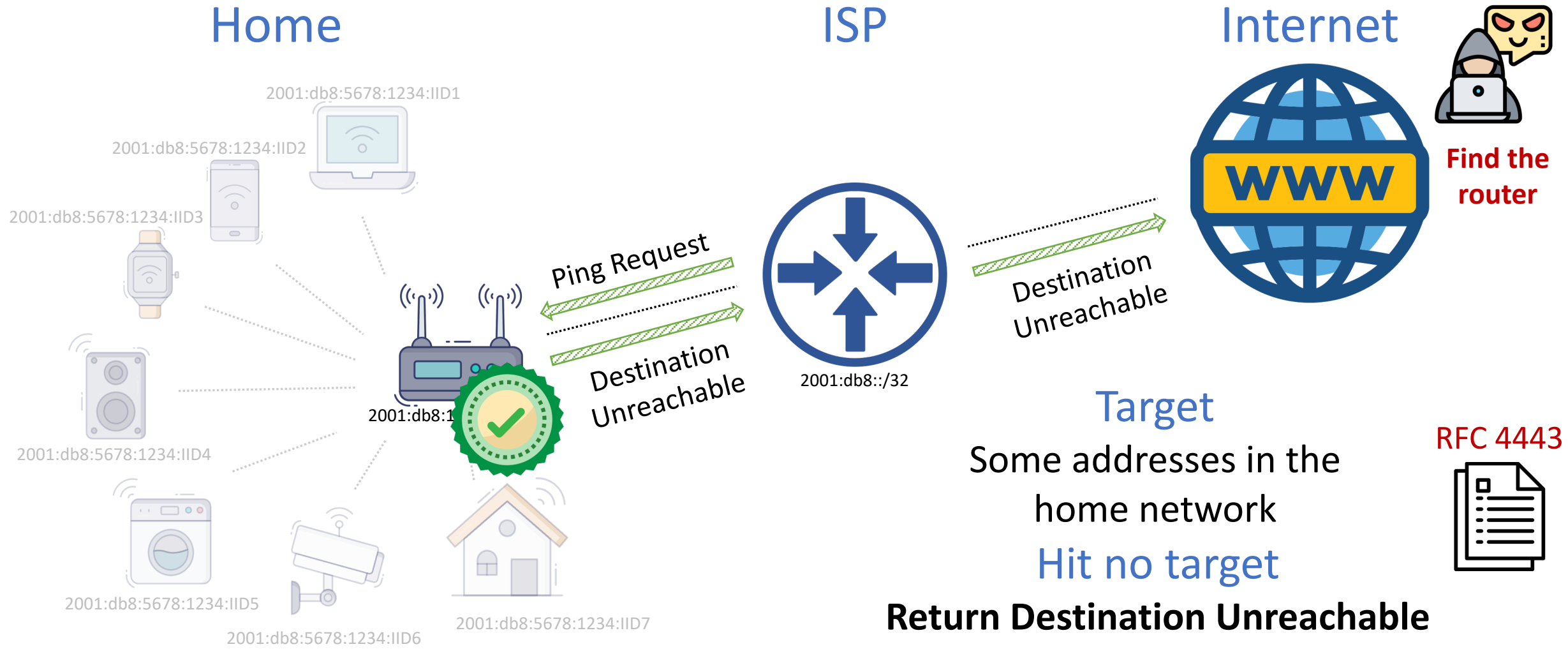
What's IPv6 Network Periphery



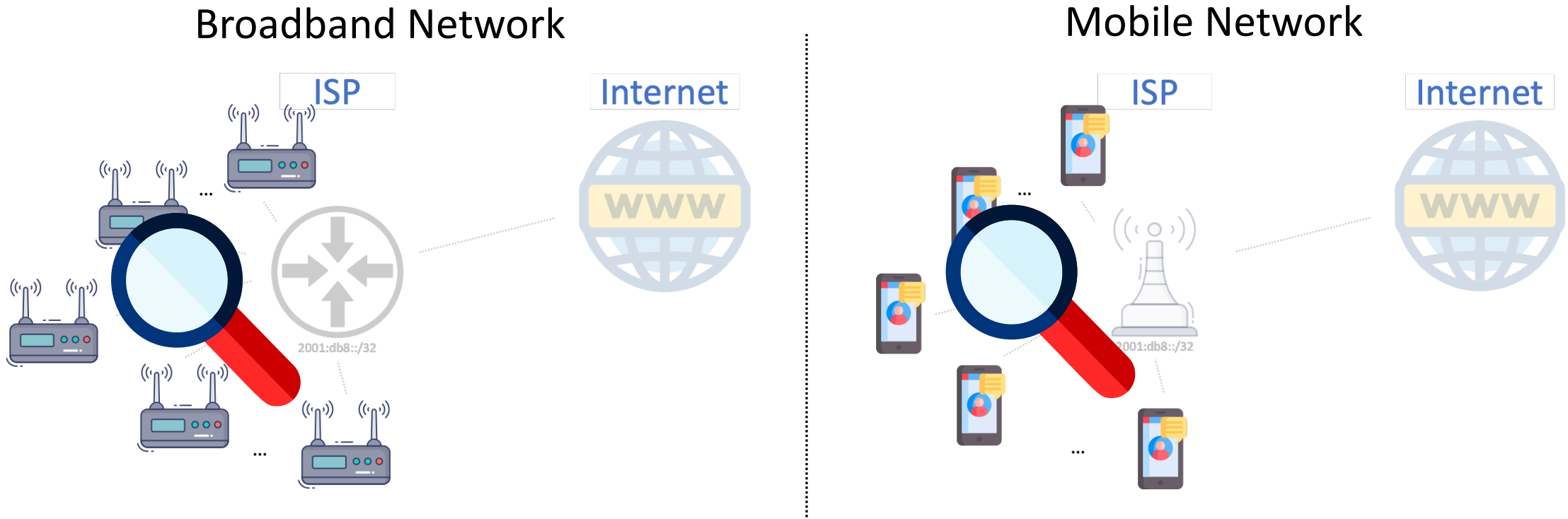
How to find?



How to find?



How to find?



Scan the IPv6 prefix space
Probe each sub-prefix once for any address under it

How many devices did we find?

- Scanning targets
 - 12 ISPs' 15 IPv6 blocks, sample 32-bit prefix space
 - <15Mbps, 48h for each sample, 52M devices

Country	Network	ISP	# Periphery
Total	3	12	52,478,703
IN	Broadband	Reliance Jio	3,365,175
	Mobile	Bharti Airtel	22,542,690
US	Broadband	AT&T	740,141
	Mobile	AT&T	1,734,506
	Enterprise	Mediacom	38,399
...
CN	Broadband	Telecom	2,122,292
		Mobile	7,316,861
	Mobile	Unicom	3,696,275

Security Implications

- Q1: IPv6 Address Privacy
- Q2: IPv6 Application Services
- Q3: Routing Loop Attack

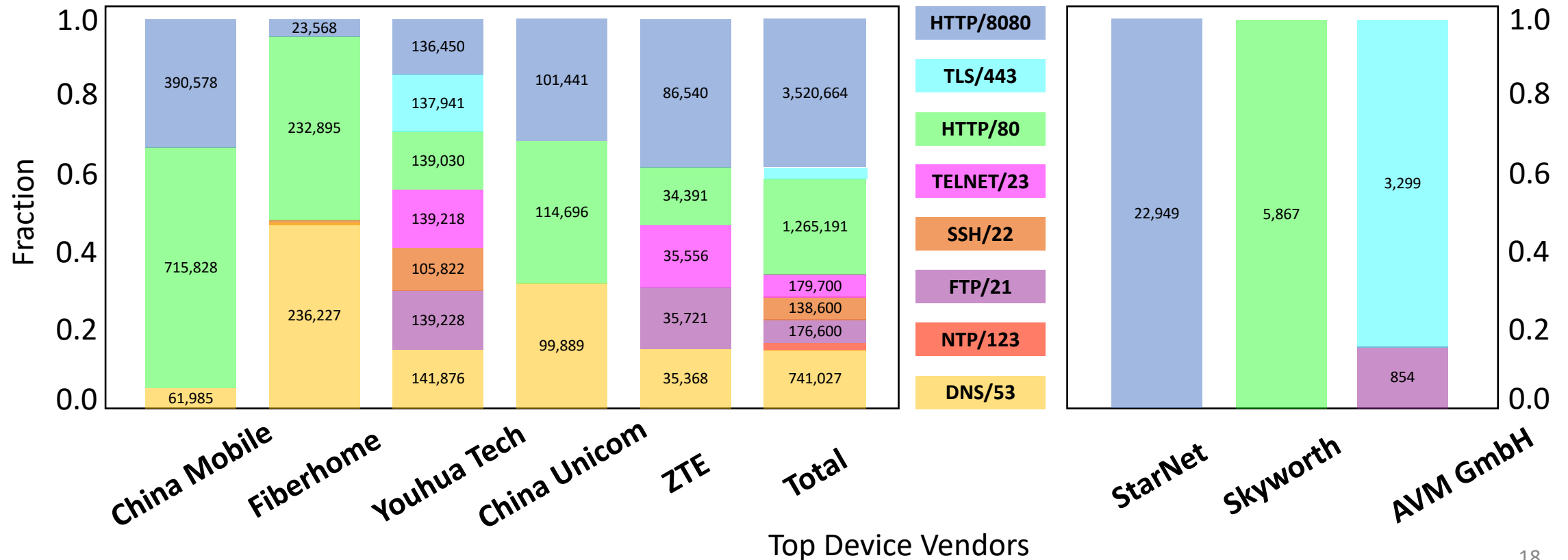
IPv6 Address Privacy

- EUI-64 format IPv6 address
 - Device MAC addresses are embedded into IPv6 addresses
- Still, lots of EUI-64 format addresses
 - Customer premise edge devices, e.g., home routers
 - User equipment devices, e.g., smartphones
 - >62 vendors

Pattern	# device
EUI-64	3.97M
Randomized	39.60M
Low-byte	511.18k
Byte-pattern	5.46M
Embed-IPv4	2.91M
Total	52.48M

IPv6 Application Services: Devices

- Invisible services through IPv4
- Exposed to the Internet via IPv6
 - 4.7M, e.g., DNS, NTP, FTP, SSH, TELNET, HTTP, TLS



IPv6 Application Services: Software

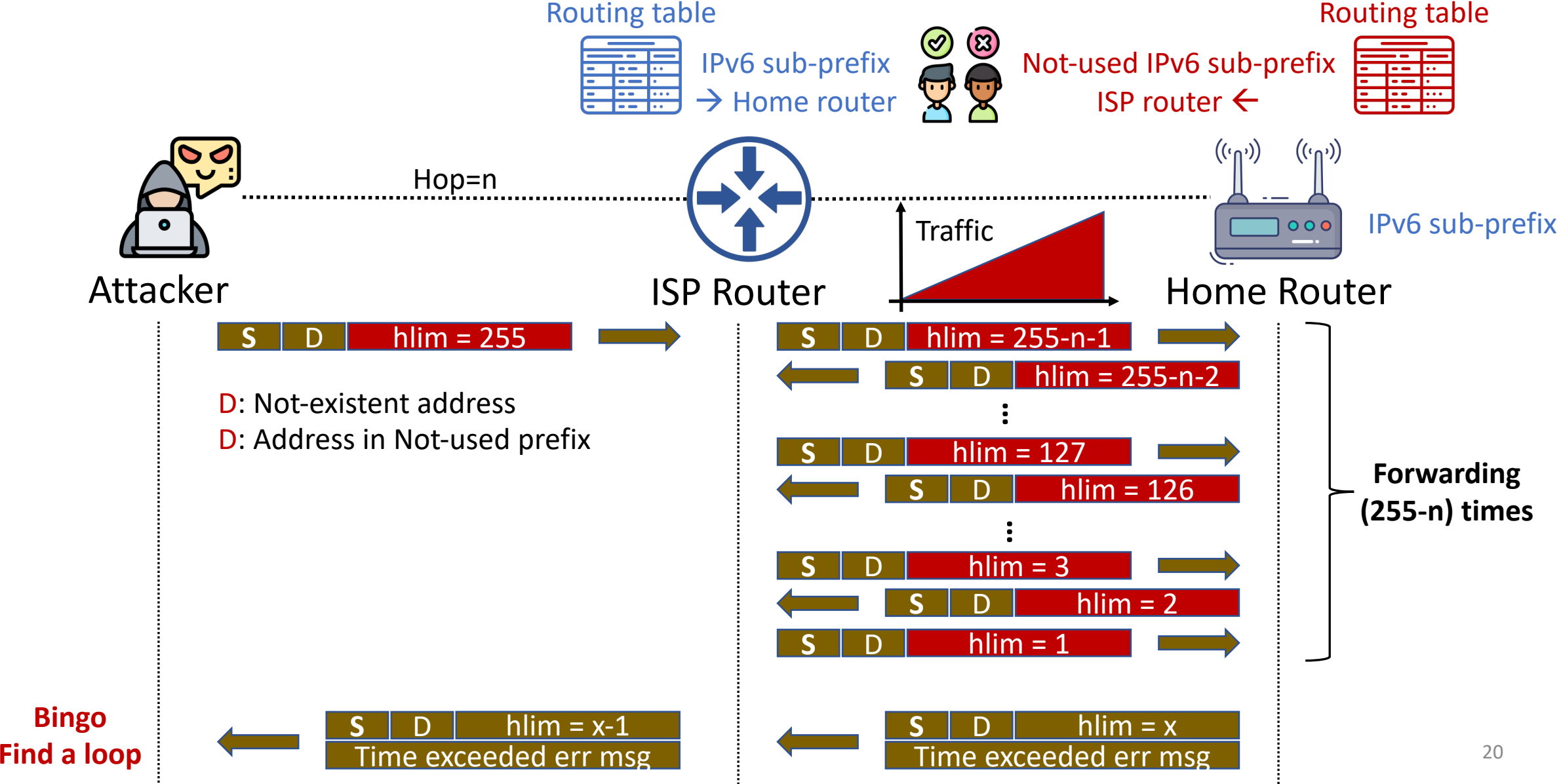
- Most software is released 8-10 years ago
 - e.g., DNS and SSH
- Affected by many CVEs

Released ~8 years ago

Service	Top Software & Version (# device)	# CVE
DNS	dnsmasq 2.4x (142k), dnsmasq 2.5x (3.6k) dnsmasq 2.6x (2.4k), dnsmasq 2.7x (52k)	16
SSH	dropbear 0.46 (6k), 0.48 (106k), 0.5x (937) 2012.55 (20k), 2017.75 (3k), 2011-2019.x (233)	10
	openssh 3.5 (469), 5.x (27) 6.x (144), 7.x (118), 8.x (35)	74

Released before 2006

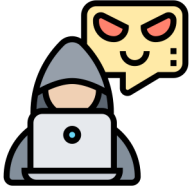
Routing Loop Attack: Threat Model



Routing Loop Attack: Measurement

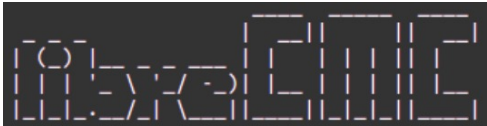
- How wide is the vulnerability
 - IPv6 BGP prefix probing
- How many devices are under the attack
 - 12 ISPs' 15 IPv6 blocks probing
- Method
 - Use the Time-exceeded msg
- Results
 - 5.8M vulnerable devices
 - 3,877 ASes, 132 countries

Routing Loop Attack: Vulnerable Routers



- 20 router vendors (95 devices), 4 OSes
- All vendors confirm and are fixing

131 CVE/CNVD



Community Contribution: XMap

- **Open source tool**
 - Rewritten thoroughly from ZMap
 - **Support IPv6 & IPv4**
 - Fast periphery discovery
 - Discovering routing loop vulnerability
 - Multiple ports probing
 - ...
 - <https://github.com/idealeer/xmap>
 - Everyone can join!!! Maybe star it



Discussion

- **Mitigation**

- Avoid/Block ICMPv6 'reply' msgs
- Strengthen access control policies
- Add unreachable routes for not-used prefixes

- **IPv6 Network Security**

- IPv6 network peripheries should be focused
- IPv6 strategies need to be revisited

Questions?
Thank you

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